

Radiological Security in the Medical Sector

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Office of Radiological Security

Enhance global security by preventing high-activity radioactive materials from use in acts of terrorism.

Protect radioactive sources used for vital medical, research, and commercial purposes.







The Risk of Malicious Use of Radioactive Material Requires Action



ORS works with partners to enhance global security by preventing high-activity radioactive materials from being used in acts of terrorism.



The prosecution conceded the police had not found any evidence that materials had been acquired to carry out the plans, but said officers had

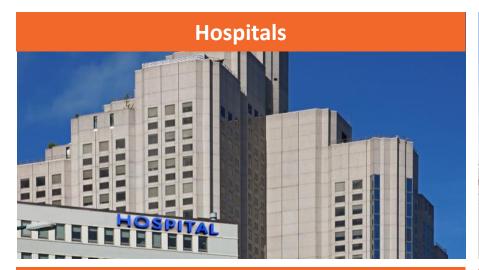
well over two years we

neo failed to find weapons to which Barot had access.

BBC News

BBC News

Availability of Radioactive Sources











High-Activity Sources

Cancer Treatment Industrial Sterilization

- Co-60
- 1,000 1,000,000+ Ci Normal Device Activity





Blood/Medical Research Irradiators Dosimeter and Detector Calibrators

- Cs-137
- 1,000 50,000 Ci Normal Device Activity

Industrial Radiography

- Ir-192
- 10-100 Ci Normal Device Activity





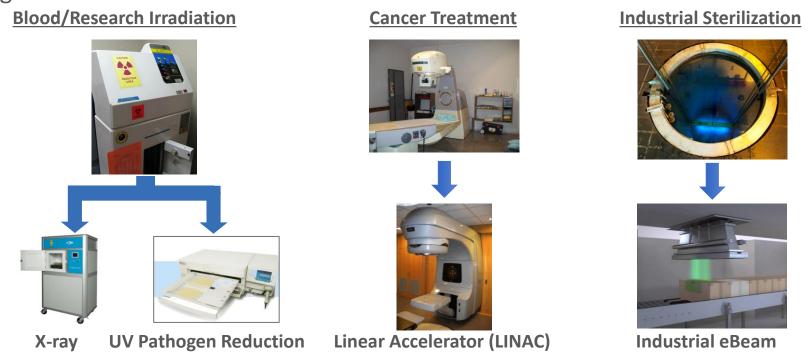
Oil Well Logging

- Am-241
- 8-20 Ci Normal Device Activity



What are "Alternative Technologies"?

- Technologies which do not contain radioactive materials and which perform an equivalent or better function as a comparable device.
- Alternative technologies may use electricity to emit ionizing radiation (machine-based technologies, like X-ray irradiators). Some alternative technologies, like UV pathogen reduction systems, may not emit ionizing radiation.



Support U.S. Government Policy

National Security Strategic Guidance:

"We will continue to lead the world in coordinated efforts to lock down nuclear and radiological materials and prevent terrorist acquisition."

National Security Memorandum 19:

"Reducing, eliminating, and securing radioactive and nuclear materials are the most effective means to prevent their acquisition and use..."

NNSA Strategic Vision:

"We must detect possible proliferation activities as early as possible and minimize pathways to attaining nuclear or radiological devices."





NATIONAL SECURITY STRATEGY

Reduce Radiological Risks with Alternative Technologies

Strategies to Promote Alternative Technologies



Policy



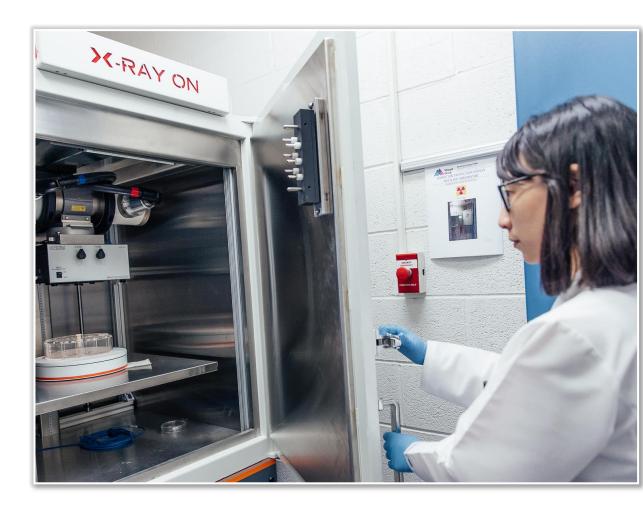
Outreach & Education



Device Replacements



Research





Outreach and Education

Activity	Examples
Organize targeted U.S. and international workshops to increase awareness of technology options and their benefits	 Co-chaired 8 meetings of the Ad Hoc Alt Tech Working Group with Germany and France (alttechwg.org) National-level workshops with government and technology user communities Workshops with NGO partners
Provide educational materials via media engagements, websites, handouts	Brochures, fact sheets, and videosPublication search engine (in development)
Present papers or exhibit booths at industry conferences	 IAEA International Meeting on Radiation Processing Institute for Nuclear Material Management
Meet directly with source users to discuss source security and technology options, including source alternatives	 Bilateral meetings to understand needs and challenges SME consultations, via technical exchanges and report writing



International Project Implementation



Objectives:

- Achieve **permanent risk reduction** by implementing projects to replace existing radioactive sources with alternative technologies.
- Support transitions to alternative technologies by providing non-device incentives,
 when device acquisition is not feasible
- Encourage **positive exponential effects** by leveraging replacements to build awareness, familiarize end user communities with the technologies, and incentivize capacity building for current and future adoption.

ORS International Alternative Technology Program Growth

Radiotherapy (Co-60)

Blood & research irradiation (Cs-137) Irradiation of agriculture, industrial/ commercial supplies, insects (Co-60, Cs-137)

Accomplishments

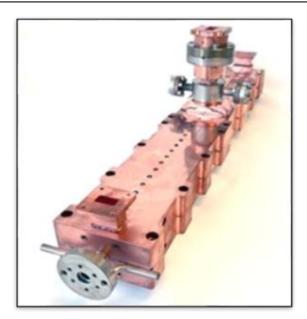
• Over 50 source removals that were replaced with alternative technologies, including Cs-137 for blood and research irradiation and Co-60 for radiotherapy.



Research, Studies, and New Ideas

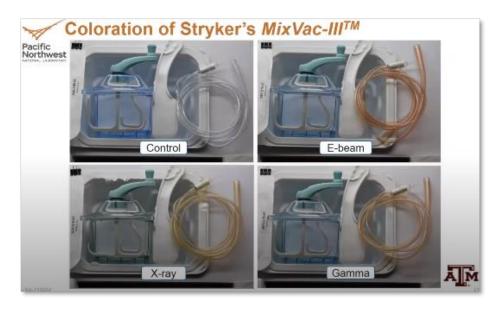
• ORS collaborates with external subject matter experts and other R&D offices within the U.S. Government to support projects aimed at developing new and affordable accelerator-based technologies.

Small Business Innovation Research Projects (SBIR)



Pictured: Tibaray concept

Comparison/Demonstration Studies





ORS International Collaboration on Radiotherapy

International Atomic Energy Agency

- ORS provided financial contribution to support Siebersdorf LINAC in 2019
- ORS provided more than \$29 million in financial contributions to the IAEA's Programme for Action on Cancer Therapy (PACT) and the Rays of Hope program
 - Funds were used to support LINAC procurements and training

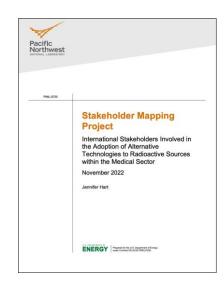
International Partners

- Supported the International Cancer Expert Corps' Access to Radiotherapy (ART) study in Central Asian countries
- Supported WINS' Stakeholder Mapping Report for Radiotherapy
- Hosted a workshop on overcoming barriers to LINAC access in Africa in conjunction with the U.K. and Senegal





Donated LINAC at IAEA, 2019







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